## Vocabulary to Know

Column 1
Activity spaces
Interface areas
Religion
Secularism
Monotheistic religion
Polytheistic religion
Animistic religion
Universalizing religion

Animistic religion
Universalizing religion
Ethnic religion
Hinduism
Caste system

Syncretic
Buddhism
Shintoism
Taoism

Column 2

Feng Shui Confucianism Judaism diaspora Zionism interfaith intrafaith extremism

Christianity Eastern Orthodox Church Roman Catholic Church

Protestant Islam Sunni Shi'ite Column 3

indigenous religion

Shamanism pilgrimage sacred sites minarets hajj

interfaith boundaries intrafaith boundaries religious fundamentalism religious extremism

jihad

Unit 5: Religion pgs. 171-175 Key Question #1: What is religion and what role does it play in culture?

1. Why do peace walls exist in Belfast, Ireland?

- 2. How does religion affect the location of activity spaces for the residents of Belfast?
- 3. Why do the residents of Belfast act differently in "interspace areas"?
- 4. Give 3 examples for how religions diffuse across the world.

- 5. How does religion affect burial customs?
- 6. How do geographers Robert Stoddard and Carolyn Prorak define religion?
- 7. Define "shouldness"

	to be very important in their	r lives?	
9.	Which more developed cour in their lives?	ntries have the lowest rates of people	e saying religion is very important
Key (	5: Religion Question #2: Where did ions diffuse?	the world's major religions o	pgs. 175-190 originate, and how do
1.	Briefly describe each of the a. monotheistic religions	following.	
	b. polytheistic religions		
	c. animistic religions		
2.	Why is the map depicted in	figure 7.6 flawed?	
3.	What is the difference betwe	een a universalizing religion and an $\epsilon$	ethnic religion?
4.	Fill out the chart for Hinduis		Ni mbor of followers
	Hearth	When was it founded?	Number of followers.
Wh	ere and how did it spread?	Basic Beliefs.	

8. In which more developed country does the highest percentage of the population consider religion

5. Fill in the chart for Buddhis	m below.	
Hearth	When was it founded and who founded it?	Number of followers
Where did it spread?	Basic Beliefs.	
Describe Theravada Buddhism	Describe Mahayana Buddhism	Describe Vajrayana Buddhism
5. Fill in the chart for Shintoi	sm helow.	
Hearth	Where is it practiced?	Number of followers
6. Fill in the chart for Taoism	below	
Hearth	Where is it practiced?	Number of followers
Describe Feng Shui?	Basic Beliefs.	
7. Fill in the chart for Confuc	ianism below.	
Hearth	Where is it practiced?	How has the Chinese government suppressed this belief system?
Is this really a religon?	Basic Beliefs.	

8. Fill in the chart for Judaism below. Hearth Where is it practiced? How many followers world wide? How is this ethnic religion Basic Beliefs. different from other ethnic religions? Briefly describe the three major Describe diaspora. Describe zionism. movements within the religion. 9. Fill in the chart for Christianity below. Hearth Where is it practiced? How many followers world wide? Basic Universal Beliefs for all Describe the Eastern Orthodox Church branches. Describe the Roman Catholic Where did it spread? Describe Protestant. Church. 10. Fill in the chart for Islam below. Hearth Where is it practiced? How many followers world wide? Basic Universal Beliefs for all Describe Sunni. branches. Describe Shi'ite What are the religious leaders Where did it spread? called?

11. What are indigenous religions?	
12. What are shamanistic religions? Where are they practiced?	
13. Where has secularism become more popular?	
Unit 5: Religion Key Question #3: How is religion seen in the cultural lands	pgs. 190-200 cape?
<ol> <li>How are sacred Catholic sites in Ireland different from those throu Europe?</li> </ol>	ighout most of the rest of
2. How do Bear Butte and Devils Tower used in different ways by dif	ferent groups?
3. Why do Muslims, Christians and Jews all consider Jerusalem a holy	place?
4. How does the construction of Hindu temples relate to Karma, and in India?	why are there so many of them
5. Where do Buddhists go on pilgrimages?	
6. What is a pagoda?	

	2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	Mosque Church Synagogue Pagoda Torii Gate Minaret Shrine to Vishnu Ankgor Wat The Noble Sanctuary . Western Wall . Borobudur	a. Shinto b. Islam c. Judaism d. Christianity e. Buddhism f. Hinduism	
8.	Wl	nich religions are more likely to	cremate their dead?	
9.	Wł	nich religions are more likely to	bury their dead?	
10	. Но	w has the purpose of many orna	ate Cathedrals changed in Europe th	hrough recent years?
11		sed on the map on page 197, ide lowing areas.	entify which branch of Christianity	is dominant in each of the
	A.	Utah	D. California	G. Maine
	B.	Michigan	E. Southern Florida	H. Southern Idaho
	C.	Georgia	F. The Southwest	J. Minnesota
12	. Но	w do many Protestant churches	differ in their construction from Ca	atholic Cathedrals?
13	. Wł	nat is the hajj?		
14	. Но	w did Muslim architects incorpo	orate earlier Roman models into th	eir Mosque designs?
15	. W	hat is the difference between zi	arat and the hajj?	
iit	5: I	Religion		pgs. 200-209

**Key Question #4: What role does religion play in political conflict?** 

7. Match each of the following structures with the appropriate religion. Religions can be used more

than once.

**Unit 5: Religion** 

1.	What is the difference between an interfaith and intrafaith boundary?
	Use the map on page 201 to trace the interfaith boundary on the map below. Shade in the areas that are dominated by Christianity and Islam.  What was the root cause of the conflict in Israel/Palestine?
4.	Aside from religion, what are the other causes for tension along the interfaith boundaries in Nigeria?
5.	How did Boko Haram come into existence?
6.	How did Protestants and Catholics divide activity spaces in Belfast, Ireland?
7.	Why does religious extremism sometimes develop out of religious fundamentalism?
8.	Give examples of religious extremism for each of the following religions?
A)	Christianity
B)	Judaism
C)	Islam